

**KEYS!**  
We Give Away KEYS that will Unlock the Box that will Give You GOLD and SILVER.

We have had made for us a number of KEYS, one of which will unlock the money box which is on exhibition in our window. We have placed in this box \$20 in GOLD and SILVER, and on and after January 1, 1894, each holder of one of these keys will be permitted to try and unlock the box. The person whose key opens the box will be given the contents free.

Every purchaser of goods to the amount of 5-cents and upward will be given a key with each purchase. There is one key that will unlock the box—yours may be the one.

Remember we will sell you a Child's Suit for \$1.50 an all wool Man's Suit for \$6.00, a Lined Back Work Shirt for 50 cents, and we will show the Best and Cheapest OVERCOATS ever shown in the city.

Finest Imported and Domestic Suitings in our TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

All the Latest Novelties in Gents' Furnishings.

HATS of all grades—Agents for Stetson Hats.

**RACE CLOTHING M'F'G CO.**

125--139 North Water Street

**EXCITEMENT**

**O. M. ANSTEAD'S**

**Dry Goods,**

**CLOAK AND CARPET HOUSE,**

211 N. Water St., Decatur, Continues.

Hundreds come to claim the marvelous bargains we now offer.

While faint-hearted merchants halted, and factory doors were closed for want of orders, O. M. Anstead saw the opportunity of a generation and grasped it, filling each of our departments with overflowing with values unprecedented; told our prices to the people.

Down came the avalanche of bargain-seekers and set the wheels in motion. Ladies stopped at the various counters, looked, debated: "Can it be true?" Such goods, such prices; every day is greater than its predecessor; such values were never equaled in Decatur.

A big Cloak Manufacturer goes to the wall and O. M. Anstead grasped the opportunity of buying (\$3,198) Three Thousand One Hundred and Ninety-Eight Dollars' worth of Cloaks at a fraction on the dollar of the first cost.

300 Long Cloaks—take your choice at \$3.98, worth up to \$15.

198 Cloaks, intended to sell at \$25, will go at an even \$9.98.

212 Cloaks, worth \$15, will be cut squarely in the middle and go at \$7.50.

225 Cloaks, trimmed in Red Astrachan Fur, at One-Half their value.

High Prices swept from the face of the earth in Anstead's Cloak Department.

**O. M. ANSTEAD,**

**Dry Goods, Cloaks, Carpets.**

## CAUSES AND RESULTS

Various Opinions Upon Tuesday's Tidal Wave in Politics.

**MR. HARRISON SAYS HE TOLD THEM SO**

A Guide to the Handwriting on the Wall—Business Depression—The Senate to Blame—Foreigners May Think, Etc., Etc.

Ex-President Harrison on the Result. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 9.—Ex-President Harrison talked freely to a United Press reporter last evening upon the result of yesterday's election. "I find not only gratification and comfort, but downright rejoicing in the handsome result," said he. "The republican triumph was so sweeping and so general that the notion that local causes might have figured largely in the result is hardly tenable. Everything went republican—that is, everything in the free part of the country, showing very clearly that general causes were at work. The result demonstrates that the faith of the people in the American industrial system was not lost, but only weakened, and has been renewed with redoubled strength. The chief cause was undoubtedly the general industrial depression. The people have had presented to them a sharp comparison between the two systems. They have been brought, within a year, from a condition of the highest prosperity to what we have now presented to us on all sides, not by the operation of a different system, but by the anticipation of it. We have had what might be termed one of Mr. Cleveland's object lessons.

"Then there have been one or two additional causes that have had some effect. There has been among the ex-soldiers, not only as organizations but as individuals, a feeling of deep resentment at the conduct of the pension bureau. When Mr. Cleveland first came in, his postmaster-general put into practice the method of removal by secret charges, without a hearing of the accused. It is the pursuit of his method in part in the pension bureau that has aroused indignation. The soldier as an thorough sympathy with the idea of purging the pension rolls in a proper manner. They have no desire to countenance any fraud upon the government, but the idea of making suspensions first and investigations afterward they do not believe proper. Four or five years ago it was not the fact that Mr. Cleveland vetoed private pension bills so much as the way he did it that made his vetoes unpopular. Another cause that entered into the result was undoubtedly a certain amount of soreness on the part of aspirants for office and their friends. That is something that every administration must face right at the beginning, and Mr. Cleveland is feeling the effect of it.

"When Gov. McKinley was here on Memorial day, he said to me that he thought circumstances were such that he would have to run again this year, and I said to him that anybody running on the republican ticket this year might consider himself peculiarly fortunate, for I felt certain that there would be a reaction that would sweep the country.

"The result, you think, has tended to strengthen the republican party's belief in its protective policy?"

"There has never been any weakening in its faith. I said in my last message to congress that this generation had had no experience with a low-tariff policy, and it seems to be a fact that the experience of one generation does not go far toward teaching another. But I notice now that even those who have been consistent advocates of free trade upon the ground that a protective policy smacks of paternalism are now advocating that public works be pushed in order to give employment, which I believe is a very proper thing. I have always held that one of the highest aims of government should be to, if possible, to regulate affairs as to keep its people employed. It preserves men's self-respect and conduces to a higher order of citizenship. There is no more pathetic sight in the world than a strong, honest, able and industrious man, willing to work, and seeking work in vain. The present condition tends to the loss of self-respect on the part of men driven to poverty and to discontent with the natural and established order of things. I can readily see how a man can advocate free trade without any impeachment of his intelligence or motives, but I cannot see how men of intelligence can teach that we may pass from such a policy as is embodied in the McKinley law to such a one as was foreshadowed in the Chicago platform without the greatest disaster and hardship. The necessary readjustment of business in anticipation of such a radical change naturally lessens production here, and the lessening of home production increases importations, and we have as the natural sequence the present condition of affairs. The republican party, as I have had occasion to say before, stands committed to no particular schedule or law, but it does stand committed to the American industrial system and the principal of protection.

A Guide to the Handwriting on the Wall. WASHINGTON, Mass., Nov. 9.—Senator Hoar said yesterday that the republican victory in Ohio is the expression of approbation of the McKinley bill. "The best and most scientific of all constructed economic measures ever enacted in this country or any other."

The victory in Ohio means this, and also the repudiation of the democratic machine and dishonest election methods. The victory in Massachusetts is the refusal of the people to attribute to the democrats the repeal of the silver bill and the people's apprehension of the democratic administration which avowed in its Chicago platform in 1892 that "Protection to American industries is dishonest and a robbery."

He hoped yesterday's vote would sober the democratic administration, and that it would be a guide to the handwriting on the wall. Grover Cleveland, "Thou art weighed in the balances, and found wanting."

Later Reports Show Increased Republican Gains in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 9.—Revised figures from all the counties in the state show gains for the republican ticket over the figures of Tuesday night. The figures now show a majority for Jackson (rep.) for state treasurer of 130,161, and the later returns from counties which have not yet sent in their official computations will no doubt show the same uniformly increasing republican majority. Fell (rep.) for supreme judge, will run a few thousand behind Jackson. Nine counties which gave democratic majorities in 1891 give majorities this year for the republican candidates.

Business Depression and Industrial Discontent.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Speaking on the result of the election, Gov. Flower yesterday afternoon said:

"The returns show a large falling off in the democratic vote in most of the industrial centers of the state, which must be attributed to business depression and the thousands of men out of work. It is to this cause also that I attribute the large democratic losses in other states. Whether justly or not, business depression and industrial discontent always affect adversely the party in power."

Senator Hill refused to be interviewed.

The Senate's Delay and Filibustering.

Col. O. W. Peabody, of Peabody & Co., does not look for any great change in the financial situation as a result of Tuesday's election, as the policy of the administration is settled for some years to come. He attributes the sweeping republican victories to the disgust of the people at the senate's delay and filibustering antics in arriving at a solution of the silver question and the fear that similar action might apply to the tariff and other economic questions, thus preventing speedy settlement.

Mr. Jackson, of Jackson & Curtis, says: "We are in for a long period of dull business and cheap money."

May Lead Foreigners to Think We Are Taking Back Water.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Mr. Charles Head, of the firm of Head & Co., and president of the Boston exchange, says: "I cannot see any bull argument in the result of the elections. On the contrary, it may cause some depression abroad, as England regards tariff reform fully as important to the welfare of the country as silver reform. The democratic party is pledged to tariff reform, and if the elections are interpreted as meaning in favor of protection it may lead foreigners to think that we are taking back water from our recorded victory of a year ago."

Every Enemy of Mr. Cleveland was Side-Track.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Among prominent bankers who expressed opinions on the election Tuesday Col. Henry L. Higginson, of Lee Higginson & Co., thinks the result will strengthen the hands of industries. He believes the most important election was in New York where, according to accounts, every enemy of Mr. Cleveland was side-tracked.

The Largest Republican Majority Ever Had in the Ohio Legislature.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The Mail and Express publishes the following:

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 8

To the Editor of the Mail and Express:

Revised returns up to noon indicate that my plurality will be 80,000.

The legislature stands: In the house, republicans 91; democrats, 22. In the senate, republicans 23; democrats 8. This is the largest majority in the legislature ever had in the history of the republican party in Ohio.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY, JR.

LIBERAL PRESBYTERIANS.

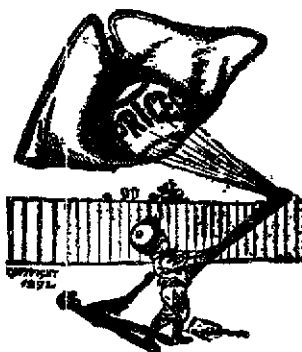
A Meeting That May Lead to a Schism in the Church.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 9.—The meeting of Liberal Presbyterians called to consider affairs in what they believe to be a crisis in the church's history began in Calvary church yesterday afternoon. Scarcely a half-dozen of those expected had arrived at noon. Few cared to leave their homes before casting their ballots Tuesday. The noon trains brought in many Seventy-five invitations were issued, but only fifty ministers and laymen were expected to be present.

Rev. Dr. S. P. Sprecher told a United Press reporter yesterday morning that the purpose of the meeting was not to secede. "It is rather," said he, "to form a policy, with the hope that the general assembly, at its meeting next spring, will coincide with us in the stand we take. If it does not, I suppose a schism is inevitable. What the policy will be no one knows."

The Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce has elected M. S. Papp to membership. This is said to be the first woman who has popped into such a body.

And in Paris it is no longer a good form to take a gentleman's arm, so says the brightly correspondent of an eastern fashion paper.



**KNOCKED INTO COCKED HAT.**

That's what we have done this season, and all on account of having the ready

**CASH**

with which we were able to buy Clothing at almost our own figures.

We now have for your inspection the choicest line of

**FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING**

Ever shown in Decatur, and at prices so low that they will astonish you.

See our Black, Guaranteed All Wool, Flat-Bound Clay Worsted Suit,

In Frocks and Single and Double-Breasted Sacks, which we were selling at \$16.50, and which a heavy cash purchase now permits us to sell at the ridiculously low price of

**\$15.00.**

We guarantee this suit to be the equal of any \$20 suit in the city.

EVERYTHING ELSE IS PROPORTIONATELY LOW.

**B. STINE CLOTHING CO.**

**CORRECT STYLES**

In Cloth Wraps for Ladies, Misses and Children we Show the Very Latest Styles.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets, trimmed with Fur, \$3.95 each.

Ladies' Stylish Cloth Jackets, Black, navy and Havana, Worth collar, edged with Fur, \$4.95 each.

Stylish Cloth Coats, Beaver and Melton cloths, black. Navy, green, Havana, Beaver tight fitting fronts, very full skirts, fur and braid trimmings. \$7.95, \$10, \$12.50, and \$13.95 each.

Children's Wool Cloth School Cloaks, with deep storm cape:

Six years for \$1.50  
Eight years for 1.75  
Ten years for 2.00  
Twelve years for 2.25  
Seventeen years for 2.50



**Bradley Bros**  
Decatur, Ill.

A GOOD TIME

To have your Watch Repaired is NOW.

Our Facilities for WATCH, JEWELRY and CLOCK REPAIRING are the Best. First-Class Work, PROMPTNESS, and Reasonable Charges.

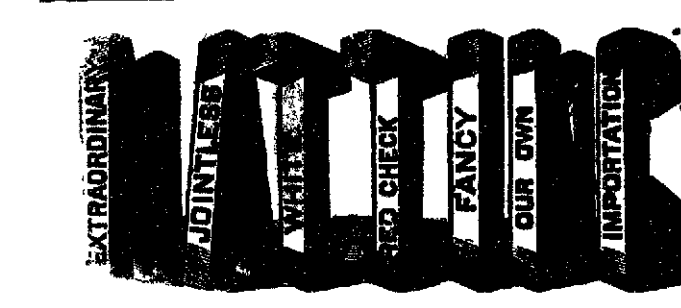
W. R. ABBOTT & CO., Jewelers AND FINE WATCH REPAIRERS.

P. H. KAUFHOLD, TAILOR, 143 EASTU ELEGANT FITTING SUITS At Low Prices.

JUST RECEIVED. Crop of 1898. CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS.

- READ THE LIST:
- |                                 |                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Muscadel Raisins.               | Evaporated Peaches.    |
| Valencia Raisins.               | Evaporated Apricots.   |
| London Layer Raisins.           | Evaporated Egg Plums.  |
| Seedless Raisins.               | Evaporated Nectarines. |
| Peaches Peeled and Unpeeled.    | Evaporated Apples.     |
| Raisin Cured Prunes, all sizes. |                        |

In fact everything in the Dried Fruit line at prices lower than the lowest. JOHN FINN, Telephone 341. 333 NORTH WATER ST.



CARPETS AND WALL PAPER, Curtains, Poles, Mouldings, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Mattings. BEAUTIFUL STYLES IN ALL LINES.

Remember we deal exclusively in the above lines. You cannot afford to buy until you see our goods and hear our prices.

Abel Carpet and Wall Paper Co. Fall Stock in, Prices According to the Market.

DAILY REPUBLICAN.

R. K. HANNEKER, J. W. F. CALHOUN. HANNEKER & CALHOUN, Proprietors DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at the Post Office at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY EVE., NOV. 9, 1893.

Gov. Borne, like the pitiful, went once too often to the well.

Tuesday's elections will not encourage the building of factories in Europe.

To see John Peter Altgeld at his proper size one needs to look at him from the large end of the telescope.

A STATE election in Illinois, Tuesday, would have resulted in a Republican majority of at least 70,000.

THE returns from the elections Tuesday are very discouraging to the Democrats, and especially so to the Cobden club.

THE Herald-Dispatch says the mugwumps are with the Republicans now. This is a pretty mean thing to say about the party and no one but an enemy to the party would make such an indefensible suggestion. The mugwumps are to a man rank free-traders and like the H.-D. has no sympathy with the party of protection. The change it supposes due to mugwumps in New York, Brooklyn and Boston is altogether due to the workingmen who were once deceived by the mugwumps and other sophists. These workingmen have ceased voting for the Democrats and on Tuesday voted for their families.

A SPECIAL from Wall street Monday says:

If McKinley is beaten Wall street will be likely to construe the fact into a verdict from the country in favor of tariff smashing. Should McKinley win by a big majority Wall street will go forward on the theory that the country is notifying the administration in congress that no tinkering of the tariff is wanted or will be permitted.

Even Wall street has become dissatisfied with the conditions which have caused idleness and want among hitherto prosperous laboringmen. McKinley has won by a large majority and it remains to be seen whether the Bourbons, who it is said never learn anything, will be restrained by the notice served on them by the people.

In one of his last speeches in the campaign Governor McKinley made use of the following convincing illustration of the benefits of the era of protection as compared with the so-called "golden era."

"The other day when I was speaking in Northern Ohio, an old merchant brought his books to my hotel. He had been a merchant from '48 to '62. I wish everybody might see those old books. They tell the truth. They tell the cost of living then; they tell the prices of labor then, and I copied from that old book—one of them—an entry dated June 30, 1858, and it was an account between the merchant of the village and the carpenter of the village.

The carpenter was working for the merchant, and on June 30, 1858, the merchant credited him on his day, and on the same day's work at \$1.50 a day, and on the same day the carpenter bought the following four items, which are charged on the merchant's book, with the prices at that time, and these were the items: Nine yards of calico at 12 1/2 c a yard, \$1.13; 9 yards of lawn at 12 1/2 c, \$1.13; 8 pounds of coffee sugar at 12 1/2 c a pound, \$1; and 12 pounds of cut nails at 7 c a pound, 84 c. The total for these four items in 1858 was \$4.10. The wages received by the carpenter was \$1.50 per day. He gave to the merchant his one day's work, bought these four items, and owed the merchant \$2.60 in cash.

Now let's take the carpenter of 1892. The pay of the carpenter in 1892 was from \$3.50 to \$2.75 a day in Ohio. I take the lowest, \$2.50. Now charge him with the same four items that were charged the carpenter in '58, with the prices prevailing last year, and let us see the state of the account. One day's labor, \$2.50 a day; 9 yards of calico in '92, 50 c a yard, 45 c; 9 yards of lawn, 80 c a yard, 72 c; 8 pounds of coffee sugar at 60 c a pound, 48 c; and 60, I am told, is too high, but call it 60; 12 pounds of cut nails at 30 c a pound, 36 c. The total of these four items in '92 is \$2.01. The carpenter in 1892 gave his one day's work to the merchant, bought these four items, paid for them, and out of that day's work had 40 c in cash in his pocket-book.

The carpenter in 1858 gave the same number of hours, the same skill and the same toil, bought the same four items, and owed the merchant \$2.60 in cash, or nearly two days' additional work. Which do you like the best—1858 or 1892?

Why the Democratic Party Cannot Act Promptly.

There are those who essay to believe that, had the Democrats, when called in special session, promptly repealed the silver purchase act and then promptly passed a free trade tariff law, elections would have gone differently Tuesday. Those Democrats who take this position and get consolation from it are supposing an impossibility. The Democratic party is utterly powerless to do anything for the benefit of the country either promptly or well.

Take silver. The Democratic party, when it was out of power, advocated inflation of greenbacks, and from that passed to the advocacy of free coinage of silver. These positions were not assumed as a matter of principle but as a matter of politics, in the hope of destroying the Republican party. But it had the effect of educating many people, and a majority of them in many sections, to the belief that the inflation of our currency and cheap money would be best for them, and when the Democratic party came into power it was powerless to do anything because its teachings had divided the party in opinion, and as ap-

peared before the country impotent and powerless. Had it not been for the Republican minority, it could not have passed a repeal bill in the interest of the people had it remained in session until "dooms day." Even after being called in special session, to do a specific act, it tried by a miserable compromise to get the party together, even if the business of the country should, as a result, go to the demitition "bow-wow." It was defeated in its attempt at compromise to accommodate the party, by the leaders of the minority.

Take the party in its relation to the tariff. In its platform it declared for absolute free trade, and yet the Democrats in every section of the country, and even in congressional districts, confessed that very plank to mean anything to suit the section or the district. The Democratic campaign, for a quarter of a century, have taught the tariff question to suit that particular section. In the South, where they want cheap labor, and that labor degraded, they taught absolute free trade. They taught the same in the agricultural west, where they told the farmers that a protective tariff never benefited the farmer in any way, while it made him contribute, in the advanced price of what he bought, to the exorbitant manufacturers in the east. In the east they talked to the manufacturer about tariff reform and told him that the protectionist had treated him unfairly; that he ought, in order to make better profits, be given free raw materials. The party, when it attempts to get together on the tariff question in congress, on account of its demagogic teachings in the past will find, as it did in the case of silver repeal, that it is without a common opinion on that question, and the result will be that it will try to dispose of the tariff in the interest of the party, instead of the interest of the people.

Such a party cannot be expected to act promptly. It cannot do it. The first problem that confronts it is to find out where it is "at," and the next question is, what will help the party the most? It can get together and act promptly on nothing that it thinks will not bring votes to the party. If it will bring votes to the party they will be an unanimous for it, no matter what it is, as the party was for Altgeld, the worst and most dangerous man ever nominated by any party for governor of a state. For that reason it can get together to repeal the federal election law, or any other law tending to secure honesty at elections, but it cannot be expected to unite on anything for the good of the country. It has demonstrated that fact in congress within the last three months, and the people have passed sentence upon it. The execution will occur next year and the burial two years later.

What the Victory Means.

A leading merchant in this city last night said: "If the day before the election I had known that McKinley's plurality would be so large, and had I been possessed with power to reduce that plurality to 20,000 and still have McKinley elected, and had I been offered \$1,000 in gold to do it, I would have said I don't want your gold. For this reason. The large majority given McKinley supplemented by the Republican majorities in Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts and Iowa will be worth more to me in my business than the \$1,000 would be worth to me. The victory will help my business, because it will help the people who trade with me.

It means the party representing the un-American policy of tariff for revenue will be driven out of power, and that means that the prosperity of the country will be fully restored as soon as it is done. It means that the present state of things will not be permanent, and this will encourage manufacturers and all kinds of business."



HELP IS WANTED

by the women who are ailing and suffering, or weak and exhausted. And, to every such woman, help is guaranteed by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. For young girls just entering womanhood; women at the critical "change of life"; women approaching confinement; nursing mothers; and every woman who is "run-down" or overworked, it is a medicine that builds up, strengthens, and regulates, no matter what the condition of the system.

It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and bracing nerve, and the only guaranteed remedy for "female complaints" and weaknesses. In bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, ulceration, inflammation, and every kindred ailment, if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Dr. Sage's Remedy promises to cure your Catarrh—permanently.

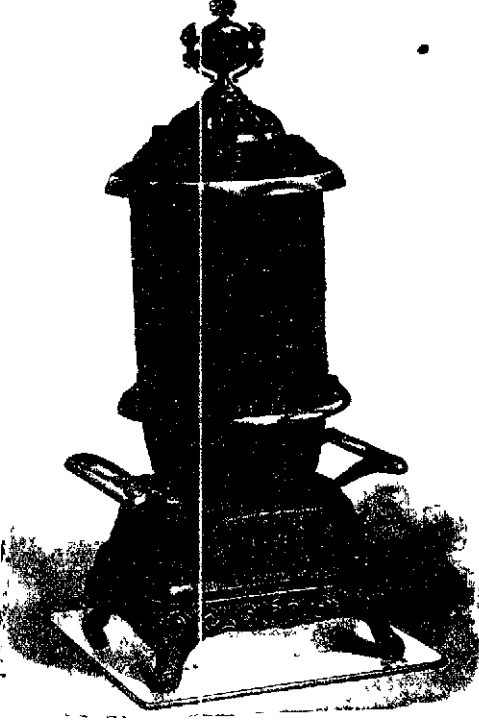
Fine Clothing For Everybody.

OVERCOATS for Men, Boys and Children. SUITS for Men, Boys and Children. OVERCOATS for Children, 85c to Finest Made. SUITS for Children, 90c to Finest Made. MEN'S OVERCOATS, \$2.00 to Best Made. MEN'S SUITS, \$3.50 to Best Made.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR FINE GOODS. Clothing never was known to be as Cheap and of as good quality as at GEO. W. JONES & CO., Clothiers.



Do You Want the Best Soft Coal Heater Made? Then buy an AIR-TIGHT.



This stove is not only the handsomest, but the most perfectly constructed Soft Coal Heater ever put on the market. With this stove you have absolute control of your fire, every joint and door being ground to a perfect fitting, making it as nearly air-tight as it is possible for a stove to be made. Remember that it has a large, convenient ash pan, also dumping grate. Our line of Stoves is larger than ever before. See our \$10 Oak Stove, full nickled and a first-class heater; also our \$13 Cook Stove.

BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO., 240--248 EAST MAIN STREET.

REMOVED. Wingate's Lamp Store

Has moved to 328 North Water street, into New Building just south of Baptist Church. We have added to our Unequaled Lamp Stock

Five, Ten and Twenty-Five Cent Department Store Counters.

Overloaded with Hundreds of Useful and desirable articles, at

25 to 50 Per Cent. Less than Same Goods can be Bought Elsewhere

Your daily wants are supplied here at a small cost. New goods and attractions are constantly being added.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the Clerk of the County Court of Macon county, Illinois, in favor of Hiram Hughes, and against Harman McIntire and Andrew McIntire, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit: One rail pen and a one-fourth rail pen of cribbed corn, and also the remainder of the 80 acres of standing corn situated on west half of the southeast quarter of section 17, township 18 north, range 4 east of the 3d P. M., in Macon county, Illinois, taken in property of the said Harman McIntire and Andrew McIntire, which I shall offer at public sale on said described 80 acres of land, situated in Macon county, in said state, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1893, for cash in hand, to satisfy said execution.

RUGS. We are selling very nice Oheville Rugs, 3 feet by 6 feet, at \$1.90; 2 1/2 by 5 feet at \$1.50. We also weave rugs from old Indian carpet.

Call and see what they are whether you want any or not. We also weave carpets and keep home-made carpets on sale

CHAS. PFISTER South side Lincoln Square, 21 floor Oct 21-24 Nov

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, IN MACON COUNTY, IN the Circuit Court to the January Term, A. D. 1894.

Charlotte Hughes vs. John H. Hughes, Director.

A proper affidavit having been made and filed in said cause public notice is hereby given to John H. Hughes that Charlotte Hughes, the complainant in the above entitled cause, has heretofore filed a bill for a divorce, etc., against John H. Hughes, that said cause is now pending in said court to said term, to be held at the court house in the city of Decatur, in said county and state, commencing on the second Monday of January, 1894, that a summons issued out of said court in said cause at a former term thereof, and that the same has been returned "not found."

Now, therefore, if you, John H. Hughes, shall fail to appear at said term of said court on the first day thereof and shall fail to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint filed in said cause, the allegations contained in said bill will be taken as true and a decree by default entered against you.

Dated this 8th day of November, A. D. 1893. E. McCULLAN, Clerk of said Court.

Assignee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed assignee of the Decatur Estate of the County of Macon and all persons holding any claim or claims against said Decatur are requested to present same to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of November, 1893, at which time all persons claiming against said estate are requested to make known their claims to the undersigned.

Dated this 12th day of October, 1893. O. T. KIRK, Assignee.

OTTE OUR \$12 00

Better than Very Best Doubtless They come in Blue

OUR \$10 (A

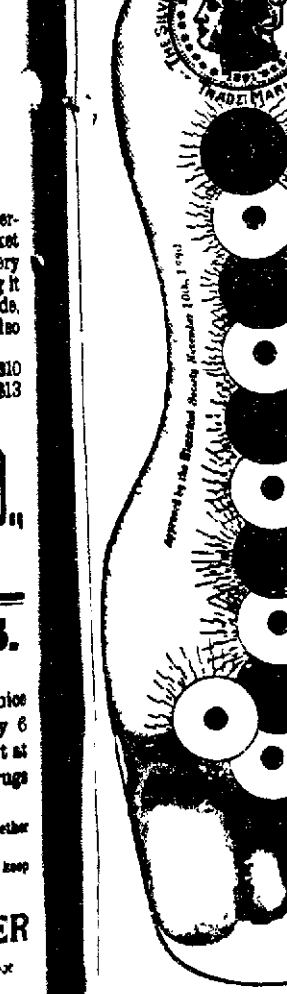
Cheviots, The Very Best this Price You will be Appeared

OTTE The I MASONIC TELLER

You Can Have

no idea how comfortable, serviceable the ELECTRIC are until you have tried a pair. They are warm, strong and long as a pair of shoes.

Stand on ice all day warm feet.



To introduce them to every customer three dollars \$2.00 or hold everywhere for

POWER

Executor's

Estate of Jennie B. F. The undersigned having been appointed executor of the estate of Jennie B. F. deceased, hereby gives notice that before the County Court of the County of Macon, Illinois, on the 15th day of November, 1893, at which time all persons claiming against said estate are requested to make known their claims to the undersigned.

Dated this 12th day of October, 1893.

To Whom It May Concern: You will take notice that the undersigned has been appointed executor of the estate of Jennie B. F. deceased, hereby gives notice that before the County Court of the County of Macon, Illinois, on the 15th day of November, 1893, at which time all persons claiming against said estate are requested to make known their claims to the undersigned.

Dated this 12th day of October, 1893.

O. T. KIRK, Executor.



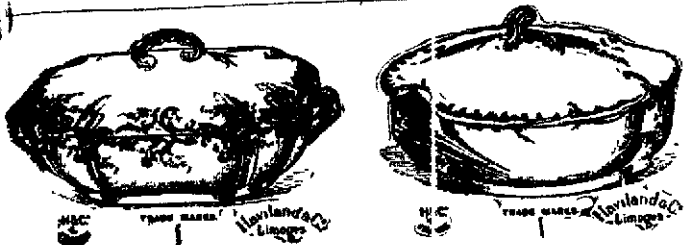


We will give  
store One Ticket



# HAVILAND CHINA SAMPLES.

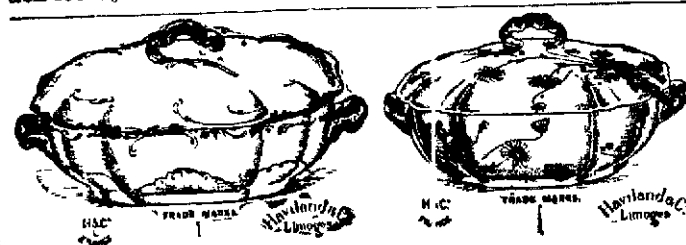
We have placed on sale this morning another lot of Haviland China Samples, purchased at less than one-half the price it cost to import them. The ladies will remember the beautiful goods we offered in our last lot and we can assure them that this collection far surpasses them in rich decorations and beautiful new shapes. Come and see them at once.



## 500 COVERED DISHES.

\$3.50 TO \$5.00 EACH.

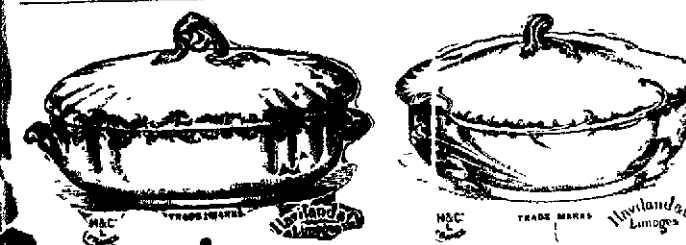
Remember these goods are worth three times what we ask for them.



## 15 CHOCOLATE POTS.

\$1.50 TO \$6.00 EACH.

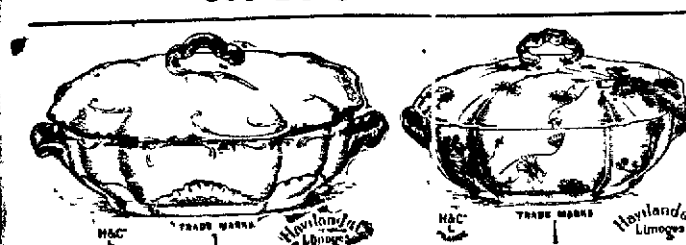
All of these samples are the richest decorations this celebrated firm manufactures. While the price quoted may seem high, when you see them you will not think so.



## 50 PAIRS CUPS AND SAUCERS.

These goods will suit any one desiring a fine article for a very small price.

50c TO \$2.00 EACH.



## 20 Pairs Sugars and Creamers.

75c TO \$1.50 EACH.



A Beautiful present for Christmas. The early buyer will get the benefit.

In addition to the above we have a great variety of Sauce Boats, Celery Trays, Bread Plates, Etc.

## OPEN STOCK PATTERNS.

We wish to call the attention of the purchasing public to our line of OPEN STOCK PATTERNS, as well as MADE UP DINNER SETS.

We have never had so many patterns or such beautiful goods. We are going to do our best to get your Christmas money, and if you do not see us the loss will be yours, as we intend to make such prices on this China that you cannot help buying it.

E. D.

# BARTHOLOMEW.

We will give every one who makes a purchase at our store One Ticket to the Wilber Entertainment Co.

### ELLIS AND HILL MEET DEATH.

Both Decatur Young Men and Members of the Decatur Guards.

Frank M. Hill, the owner of an express wagon in Decatur and who resides on Central avenue, received a telegram last evening stating that his son, Will Hill, aged 25 years, had been accidentally killed by the cars near Osgood, Mo. There were no particulars, but last evening one of the St. Louis papers contained this paragraph in explanation of the tragic event:

Osgood, Mo., Nov. 8.—Two men got on top of a Missouri Pacific coach at Kansas City last night and were knocked off at the tunnel, three and one-half miles east of Jefferson City, and both were killed. In falling one of them broke a window glass. At the tunnel the trainmen found the dead man. The other one was carried five miles further and found dead. Both were badly cut up.

Young Hill was identified by a letter found on his person. He had been in the vicinity of Pipestone, Minn., assisting a Mr. Ellis in the management of a threshing outfit. A friend of the family has gone after the body, and it will be brought here for burial. It may arrive to-night. Hill was on his way home when he met his death.

#### SON OF LEW ELLIS KILLED.

In reply to a telegram sent to Osgood to-day it is learned that the unknown man killed is none other than Charles Ellis, son of L. C. Ellis, of this city. Young Ellis was about 22 years of age. Hill and Ellis were members of the Decatur Guards. They were with the company at Chicago on August 24th, "Illinois Day," at the Fair. They did not come home with the company. Both left for the northwest and said they would engage in harvesting or threshing and return in the fall. Only a short time ago word was received that they were on their way home. This telegram was received by Mr. Ellis this afternoon:

Osgood, Mo., Nov. 8.—C. B. Ellis, who was killed with Hill, was a tall, thin man, weight 145 or 150 pounds, medium dark hair, sandy complexion; had an upper left tooth built up with gold, on right hand side. Engineer by trade; had certificate from the state of Minnesota. He wore a straw hat.

Mr. Ellis telegraphed to have the body shipped to Decatur. The remains will be buried in Wheatland township.

#### About Organizing a McKinley Club.

Why should not the voters of Decatur organize a McKinley club of a thousand members? The result of the recent election makes him the logical candidate of the Republicans for president, and his election ought to be made as nearly unanimous as possible. There are hundreds of men who have voted the Democratic ticket in every northern community who have had enough of Democratic rule and want to identify themselves with the Republicans. They want hereafter to vote with the party that works for the interest of prosperity, instead of the party whose policies mean the destruction of property. Why not organize a McKinley Club and invite these people to join it?

#### Judge Vail at Home.

Judge Vail got through with court business at Tuscola yesterday and is at home to-day. The Miller-Diamond murder trial was continued to the next term of court on motion of defendant, Miller, because of the absence of an important witness. The witness is J. D. Templeton, of Decatur, who was at Arcola on the day of the murder, and was in Diamond's office a few moments before Miller did the shooting. It is alleged that Templeton heard Diamond threaten to kill Miller, and it is further alleged that Miller was shot in the hand by Diamond before the fatal shots were fired. Judge Vail will go to Urbana next week, and then to Mountaire.

#### Paid His Fine.

Charles Dreesen was arrested to-day on a state warrant sworn out by Mrs. Mary A. Brady, charging him with selling liquor to her husband, an habitual drunkard. The warrant was served by Officer Connard. Dreesen appeared in Judge Provost's court, paid his fine and was released.

#### Hurt by a Fall.

James McConchie while hanging paper at the E. D. Bartholomew residence yesterday fell and broke his collar bone. He is a brother-in-law of Mrs. Fred Shofst of Paris. Rev. Mathias Reed, of Paris, came over to visit the young man. Dr. Jones attended him.

#### Fatally Hurt.

Miss Board, of Harrisburg, Ill., president of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Illinois, was thrown from a buggy at Barry yesterday by a runaway horse while going to the Cairo Short Line depot. Her injuries are considered fatal.

#### Pulled.

Officers Coo and Motherspaugh made a raid last evening on a room in Gallagher Block and arrested a number of young men who were enjoying the festive game. They are busy to-day trying to get square with the police.

#### Attention, Company H.

All members of Company H. are hereby ordered to be at their Armory at 7:30 o'clock this, Thursday, evening. By order of W. F. COLLADAY, Captain Commanding.

A PARISIAN furrier states that short jackets of seal skin with skirts of the same material are to be worn this winter.

### ELECTION DAY ECHOES.

McKinley Still Climbing in Ohio—All One Way in New York.



#### A Few of the Immediate Results of Republican Success—Comments.

There is no need of repeating the glorious results of Tuesday's election, except by way of confirmation, to clinch the full force of the Republican victory.

In Ohio Gov. McKinley carried the state by about 85,000 plurality. It may go to 100,000. Ohio's vote, the home of Neal, who ran against the Major, went Republican for the first time in its history. The Ohio state senate will stand 25 Republicans to 7 Democrats; House, 83 Republicans, 23 Democrats.

The Republicans have carried some counties which they never carried even during the war. In reply to an inquiry from the general manager of the Associated Press as to the causes in Ohio, Gov. McKinley said the campaign was fought out between himself and Neal on the question of tariff and free trade, pure and simple, from the beginning to the end, and that the result was the verdict of the people of Ohio on these questions.

Senator Orlum in an interview at Springfield last night said:

The triumph of McKinley is a great one. It places him in the forefront of our party as a great leader.

In New York everything went Republican. Maynard is beaten 89,000, and the rest of the Republican state ticket wins by 20,000. The state senate, now Democratic, will be Republican by six majority, and in the assembly they will have a majority of seven. In the constitutional convention there will be 105 Republicans and 70 Democrats. Brooklyn and Buffalo are strongly Republican. The majority of Gen. John Palmer, past commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, Republican candidate for Secretary of State, is nearly 40,000.

In Iowa Frank D. Jackson, Republican candidate for governor, defeated Boies by 30,000, or 6,000 more than Harrison received in '92. The Populist vote was about 25,000. Prohibition about 14,000. The legislature in both branches is largely Republican.

In New Jersey the Republicans have one majority in the senate and eighteen in the assembly.

In Pennsylvania the state went nearly 190,000 Republican on the head of the ticket.

In Kansas the Populists met with overwhelming defeat, the Republicans, on the returns to date, electing their county officers in 90 out of the 105 counties in the state.

In South Dakota everything went Republican.

In Colorado the state went Republican entirely in the county elections. Equal suffrage was carried.

In Massachusetts the Republican governor was elected by a plurality of 30,000. The rest of the ticket is elected, and the legislature is solidly Republican in both branches. The labor vote was insignificant; Prohibition about the same as in former years, and Populists gained a little.

In Nebraska the Republicans elected elected Harrison for supreme judge by nearly 5,000 over Holcomb, Populist. The Populist party is on the decline.

In Chicago Judge Gary and every Republican candidate was elected except Kraft, the Socialist. Gary was elected by 12,000 to 15,000 majority, with the others on the ticket having a majority of 2,000 to 4,000. In an interview last night Judge Gary expressed his gratitude to the people of Chicago and Cook county for their endorsement of his course as a jurist by giving him another term of six years on the bench. He said:

"My feelings of gratitude are increased when I know that they have done this in the face of the bitterest personal opposition on the part of Gov. Algiel, and in the face of the bitterest, most malicious and false onslaughts upon my character. If I am correctly informed, Governor Algiel has been in the city for two weeks, personally in charge of the Democratic campaign. His efforts seem to have been almost entirely directed against me. I am told that he bought a wagon load of copies of a paper containing vicious and false attacks upon me for distribution among voters. In spite of all that, however, the people of Cook county have not surrendered to the element they once suppressed and have not repeated of the steps they once took."

Stooks went up yesterday in the trade marts of the country. There was an advance all along the line. Such is the record in New York and in Chicago, and the new life given to business interests is ascribed wholly to the Republican victories throughout the country.

### THE BANKERS' CONVENTION.

Meeting Tuesday in Grand Opera House—A Consolidation—The People Requested to Attend.

The bankers of the state belonging to the Bankers' Association and the Private Bankers' Association will meet next Tuesday in the Grand Opera House for a one day's session. The first business of importance will be to form a union of the two associations. Action looking to this end has been taken by both associations, and Oct. 19, 1893, the executive committees of the two associations met in Chicago and unanimously recommended consolidation at the Decatur meeting. The committee of the Bankers' Association consists of the following bankers: E. S. Dwyer, of Chicago; W. S. Hearsh, Hooperston; Walter S. Wiley, Brimfield; and Lu Kincaid, Athens. The committee of the Private Bankers' Association is, James Millikin, Decatur; E. H. Harris, Champaign; John A. King, Chicago; W. P. Halliday, Cairo, and E. D. Keys, Springfield.

There can be no doubt that the consolidation will be effected which will prove beneficial to the members of both as the objects are the same and two associations are not necessary. This meeting ought to be beneficial as a means of education on financial problems to many of the people of Decatur, as several papers will be read by leading bankers from Chicago, and other parts of the state. The Bankers' Association is authorized to say to our people that it is the desire of the association that the people should attend the meetings as it will be open to everybody. The executive committee will meet on Monday evening when it will arrange a program and other necessary things for the conduct of the meeting the day following.

James Millikin is the vice-president of the Private Bankers' association, and is also a member of both executive committees and the preliminary arrangements have, almost altogether, devolved upon him, he being the resident officer at the seat of the convention.

There will probably be as many as 150 bankers from different parts of the state present.

Those people who want to learn about finances should attend this meeting and hear from those who have made financial matters a study during their entire business lives.

#### SOCIETY MEETINGS.

O. E. S. Regular meeting of Decatur Chapter No. 111, O. E. S., at Masonic Temple, this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting members cordially invited. Mrs. S. A. Orchard, W. M. Miss S. J. BRESLICK, Sec.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. Regular convention of Cour de Leon Lodge, No. 12, K. of P., this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock, for work. All visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend. L. F. ABRAMS, C. C. F. W. WISMER, K. of K. S. S.

THE White House Cook Book, never before sold for less than \$2.50 per copy, the last edition now offered with the DAILY REPUBLICAN four weeks, delivered by carrier, only \$1.60. Ladies, grasp this.

#### Going to Rome.

Bishop Spalding, Roman Catholic bishop of the diocese of Peoria, goes to Rome this month to visit the pope. Very Rev. P. J. O'Reilly is left in charge of the diocese.

#### Sales of Real Estate.

Jacob Kees et al to Robert Reed, deed to 500 acres in 17, 17, 4 east—\$250. Sarah J. Jones to William B. Hunter, deed to the west half of the east half of lot 2, in 3, 15, 3 east—\$800.

#### Meat Dishes.

To close out the pattern we make these extreme low prices: Ten inch, 25c; 11 inch, 30c; 12 inch, 35c; at E. D. Bartholomew's.—sept12dt

#### Sauce Dishes.

In china and porcelain, all sizes and decorations. We place them in the special sale at 25c, 30c, 35c and 50c a set sept21-dt E. D. BARTHOLOMEW.

#### Rather Sleep.

than take in any other form in what many people think, and Parker's Tea is made for just those folks. It cures constipation and though not a cathartic moves the bowels every day. Sold by W. F. Neisler.

### POINTER NO. 3.

There is no use talking when you can buy standard Prints, choice styles at 5c.

Handsome and stylish dress goods at 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

Clean white batting for 10c. Blankets at \$1, \$1.25, \$1.75 and \$2.00 a pair.

Hosiery, Notions, Fancy Goods, Laces, Ties, Veils and Vellings of all kinds.

Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Caps, etc.

Dress Trimmings, Braids, Fur Trimmings all at 25 per cent less than last season.

It is a good time to buy.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,

151 East Main Street.

B. S. TYLER & CO.,

141-147 NORTH BROADWAY,

OPPOSITE NEW COAL SHAFT.

COME AND SEE US.

—ALL KINDS OF—

GRAIN

—AND—

FEED.

CLIPPED OATS A SPECIALTY.

Telephone No. 61.



Is the best, most popular and only line running

•Solid Vestibuled Trains•

—FROM—

DECATUR

To ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, TOLEDO

Detroit, Fort Wayne, New York,

Buffalo, Boston Niagara Falls.

Only Line running Solid trains from

DECATUR TO KANSAS CITY—

The Shortest Route and Quickest Time

is over the Washburn, via

ST. LOUIS OR HANNIBAL,

—TO—

Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Portland

Ore., Los Angeles, San Francisco,

And all points on the Pacific Coast.

From Lower California to Washington

and Puget Sound Points.

•FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS•

On All Trains.

Rates as Low as via Any Other Line.

Information in regard to routes, rates,

time of trains, connections, etc., will be

carefully and promptly furnished on ap-

plication personally or by letter to.

C. A. POLLOCK, Passenger and Ticket

Agent, Union Depot Ticket Office, or

City Ticket Office, 142 E. Prairie St.

Telephone No. 7.

# HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, BLANKETS, —AND— Handkerchiefs.

We Meet Prices on all Furnishing Goods.

# ANTHONY & WEBB,

135 EAST MAIN STREET.

# GOOD FURNITURE LOVERS



Would enjoy a rare treat by calling at our store and seeing some of the creations of the cabinet maker's art, which we now have on sale. You can buy the most handsome furniture at anything but handsome prices.

See the Prices on our OAK HEATING STOVES. They will astonish you.

We have the BEST COOK STOVE on earth.

Everything sold on E Z Payments.

**G. W. SCOVILL**  
The Complete House Furnisher, on E Z Payments,  
211, 213 AND 215 SOUTH SIDE CITY PARK

**For Breakfast,  
For Dinner,  
For Supper,**

**THE FLOUR**  
That Always  
Makes the Most  
and Best  
**BREAD**

**USE**  
Manufactured by  
**WHITE FOAM**  
HATFIELD MILLING CO.,  
DECATUR, ILL.

# GREAT REMOVAL SALE

**OF**  
**MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S**  
**CLOTHING,**  
Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods,  
**FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.**

Having leased the old Post Office Building, to be occupied as soon as remodeled, I will make a  
**Grand Clearance Sale of My Entire Stock.**

**CHAS. J. BRYAN,**  
The People's Clothier,  
**108 NORTH WATER ST.**

# STATIONERY

New and Choice Styles,  
Delicate Tints.  
Society Paper, Latest Styles.

**VISITING CARDS,**  
The New and Proper Shapes.

JUST RECEIVED AT  
**J. EDWARD SAXTON'S**  
Book Store, 120 Prairie Street.

## A CITY'S WASTE.

It Gives a Living to Hundred's of Poor People.

Long ere the first rays of the coming sun have lit up the eastern horizon, while the city still slumbers, and before the emissaries of the garbage contractors are abroad, there goes forth from that part of the city known as "Little Italy" a small army of Italians, whose daily bread is won from the refuse that another community of society has declared unfit for further use.

Day after day this horde, each member provided with a pushcart, a sack and a bucket, spreads itself over the city, quietly sapping an existence from the waste and refuse. They are the scavengers, who in the early morning and before the sun can be seen in the east, are led by a large sack slung over the back to examine the contents of the family slop box and cleaning therefrom the bones, rags, old shoes, old hats, rubber boots, paper, or whatever else that can be salvaged to be sold again. Slowly he trudges along from box to barrel until the sack is filled, when he returns to the cart, which has been left with others in some back street, where the bag is emptied to make ready for another tour of the neighboring street. After several of these trips the cart is loaded and he starts for home.

This usually happens about 12 o'clock, and though he has been up since 4 a. m., his work is by no means finished. He must now sort out the filthy mass, clean and dry the rags, scrape the tainted meat from the bones, wash the bottles, brush off the old hats and shoes, if he has been fortunate to find any, and like any other merchant, put his goods into a salable shape.

This done, the stock is again loaded and he starts for the rag dealer, who gives him two cents per pound for his white rags and one and a half for his "mixed."

For the bones he receives a half cent per pound and for the bottles twenty-five cents to one dollar per hundred, according to size. He next goes to the "second-hand" man, who will give five cents for an old shoe or ten cents for a hat, and so on until the whole is disposed of.

When this is accomplished "Guiseppi" has put in about eighteen hours of solid labor, and if he had had a good day he has about seventy-five cents as a reward for his trouble, though it is often fifty cents and not infrequently twenty-five or thirty cents. Of this amount part goes for the household expenses, and always some of it to an Italian savings bank. The poor pay he receives for his efforts is not the only thing he has to mar his earthly happiness; there are times when material is hard to get, as at present, when so many laborers are out of work, numbers of them having joined the army of cart pushers in their daily scramble for slop.

Again, on account of the closing of large mills all over the country, the demand for rags and paper has been greatly diminished, and where the dealers do not refuse to buy the rags at all the prices have been so reduced as to make poor Guiseppi at times desperate.

The abode of the picker is as humble as his calling, and is almost invariably found in some obscure, dirty, foul-smelling courts leading off one of the small back streets, where in the narrow precincts of a three-room house he keeps his already large and ever-increasing family, whose only knowledge of the great city around them is gleaned from the dirty pack he brings in each day. The children, as a rule, are fat and healthy, although it is difficult to understand how any human being can exist in the filth and squalor that form the chief characteristic of his home, and they impatiently wait for the return of the father, who is sure to bring some trinket or toy that has been discarded by some more fortunate little one and consigned to the garbage box. The court in which the picker lives usually contains besides the dwelling houses a rag-buyer's shop, where the rags and other offal are stored, accumulating for weeks before shipment and sending out the most disgusting odors, sickening to a stranger, but which has long ceased to annoy occupants of the court. It is hard to realize that the filth here collected can ever be of use other than for enriching the soil, yet the white rags are sent to the paper-maker, who returns them to us neatly packed in boxes, the delicate writing-paper of commerce; the colored rags go to the shoddy dealer who spins them into our "all-wool,"

But the bones, fertilizer sure—no, not all of them, the sugar refiner buys some of them, and after carefully boiling, bleaching and grinding them, uses them to turn brown sugar into white. Old paper is used for making binders' board, and old rubbers, like the iron, are melted over, and used for the same purpose indefinitely.

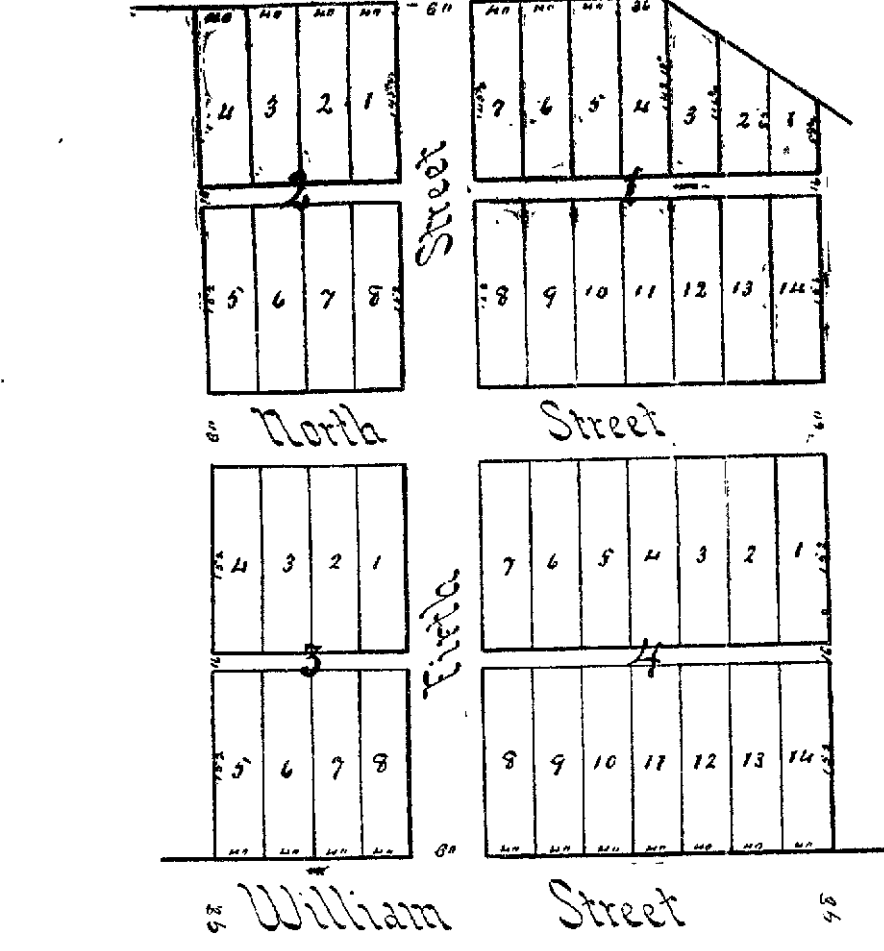
The picker is unprogressive as a rule, and sticks to his pushcart until he makes money enough to go back to sunny Italy, or grows old in the business, and is cared for by his children.

However, this rule has its exceptions; in some cases the pushcart is succeeded by a horse and wagon, or else he takes a store and becomes a dealer, his former experiences making him a very cute buyer.

Having thus risen, he takes a larger house, and commands a greater degree of respect from his fellows. Notwithstanding this, however, his wife goes barefooted, his children dirty and neglected. He is by nature a picker. Once a scavenger always a scavenger. —Philadelphia Inquirer.

# Syndicate Addition.

80 EAST ELDORADO STREET.



**GO OUT AND SEE IT.**  
W. H. BLACK, 223 N. Water St., Decatur.

**—You**  
**Hit the Bull's Eye**  
Every time  
When you use  
**SANTA CLAUS SOAP.**  
Every bright housekeeper wants it.  
All bright grocers keep it.  
Made only by  
**N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,**  
CHICAGO.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

In effect July 8, 1893.

| WABASH.                   |                           |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| FROM ST. LOUIS.           | TO ST. LOUIS.             |
| No. 10 Pass... 8:45 p.m.  | No. 9 Pass... 5:30 a.m.   |
| No. 4 Pass... 11:45 a.m.  | No. 3 Pass... 6:25 a.m.   |
| No. 44 Pass... 11:15 a.m. | No. 45 Pass... 11:25 a.m. |
| No. 42 Pass... 10:10 p.m. | No. 43 Pass... 4:55 a.m.  |
| No. 2 Pass... 12:15 a.m.  | No. 5 Pass... 8:45 p.m.   |

| ILLINOIS CENTRAL.          |                            |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| NORTH.                     | SOUTH.                     |
| Diamond Special, daily.    | Diamond Special, daily.    |
| No. 122 Pass... 8:30 a.m.  | No. 121 Pass... 8:30 a.m.  |
| No. 124 Pass... 8:40 a.m.  | No. 123 Pass... 10:25 a.m. |
| No. 126 Pass... 8:50 a.m.  | No. 125 Pass... 10:35 a.m. |
| No. 128 Pass... 9:00 p.m.  | No. 127 Pass... 10:45 a.m. |
| No. 130 Pass... 9:10 p.m.  | No. 129 Pass... 10:55 a.m. |
| No. 132 Pass... 9:20 p.m.  | No. 131 Pass... 11:05 a.m. |
| No. 134 Pass... 9:30 p.m.  | No. 133 Pass... 11:15 a.m. |
| No. 136 Pass... 9:40 p.m.  | No. 135 Pass... 11:25 a.m. |
| No. 138 Pass... 9:50 p.m.  | No. 137 Pass... 11:35 a.m. |
| No. 140 Pass... 10:00 p.m. | No. 139 Pass... 11:45 a.m. |
| No. 142 Pass... 10:10 p.m. | No. 141 Pass... 11:55 a.m. |
| No. 144 Pass... 10:20 p.m. | No. 143 Pass... 12:05 p.m. |
| No. 146 Pass... 10:30 p.m. | No. 145 Pass... 12:15 p.m. |
| No. 148 Pass... 10:40 p.m. | No. 147 Pass... 12:25 p.m. |
| No. 150 Pass... 10:50 p.m. | No. 149 Pass... 12:35 p.m. |
| No. 152 Pass... 11:00 p.m. | No. 151 Pass... 12:45 p.m. |
| No. 154 Pass... 11:10 p.m. | No. 153 Pass... 12:55 p.m. |
| No. 156 Pass... 11:20 p.m. | No. 155 Pass... 1:05 p.m.  |
| No. 158 Pass... 11:30 p.m. | No. 157 Pass... 1:15 p.m.  |
| No. 160 Pass... 11:40 p.m. | No. 159 Pass... 1:25 p.m.  |
| No. 162 Pass... 11:50 p.m. | No. 161 Pass... 1:35 p.m.  |
| No. 164 Pass... 12:00 p.m. | No. 163 Pass... 1:45 p.m.  |
| No. 166 Pass... 12:10 p.m. | No. 165 Pass... 1:55 p.m.  |
| No. 168 Pass... 12:20 p.m. | No. 167 Pass... 2:05 p.m.  |
| No. 170 Pass... 12:30 p.m. | No. 169 Pass... 2:15 p.m.  |
| No. 172 Pass... 12:40 p.m. | No. 171 Pass... 2:25 p.m.  |
| No. 174 Pass... 12:50 p.m. | No. 173 Pass... 2:35 p.m.  |
| No. 176 Pass... 1:00 p.m.  | No. 175 Pass... 2:45 p.m.  |
| No. 178 Pass... 1:10 p.m.  | No. 177 Pass... 2:55 p.m.  |
| No. 180 Pass... 1:20 p.m.  | No. 179 Pass... 3:05 p.m.  |
| No. 182 Pass... 1:30 p.m.  | No. 181 Pass... 3:15 p.m.  |
| No. 184 Pass... 1:40 p.m.  | No. 183 Pass... 3:25 p.m.  |
| No. 186 Pass... 1:50 p.m.  | No. 185 Pass... 3:35 p.m.  |
| No. 188 Pass... 2:00 p.m.  | No. 187 Pass... 3:45 p.m.  |
| No. 190 Pass... 2:10 p.m.  | No. 189 Pass... 3:55 p.m.  |
| No. 192 Pass... 2:20 p.m.  | No. 191 Pass... 4:05 p.m.  |
| No. 194 Pass... 2:30 p.m.  | No. 193 Pass... 4:15 p.m.  |
| No. 196 Pass... 2:40 p.m.  | No. 195 Pass... 4:25 p.m.  |
| No. 198 Pass... 2:50 p.m.  | No. 197 Pass... 4:35 p.m.  |
| No. 200 Pass... 3:00 p.m.  | No. 199 Pass... 4:45 p.m.  |
| No. 202 Pass... 3:10 p.m.  | No. 201 Pass... 4:55 p.m.  |
| No. 204 Pass... 3:20 p.m.  | No. 203 Pass... 5:05 p.m.  |
| No. 206 Pass... 3:30 p.m.  | No. 205 Pass... 5:15 p.m.  |
| No. 208 Pass... 3:40 p.m.  | No. 207 Pass... 5:25 p.m.  |
| No. 210 Pass... 3:50 p.m.  | No. 209 Pass... 5:35 p.m.  |
| No. 212 Pass... 4:00 p.m.  | No. 211 Pass... 5:45 p.m.  |
| No. 214 Pass... 4:10 p.m.  | No. 213 Pass... 5:55 p.m.  |
| No. 216 Pass... 4:20 p.m.  | No. 215 Pass... 6:05 p.m.  |
| No. 218 Pass... 4:30 p.m.  | No. 217 Pass... 6:15 p.m.  |
| No. 220 Pass... 4:40 p.m.  | No. 219 Pass... 6:25 p.m.  |
| No. 222 Pass... 4:50 p.m.  | No. 221 Pass... 6:35 p.m.  |
| No. 224 Pass... 5:00 p.m.  | No. 223 Pass... 6:45 p.m.  |
| No. 226 Pass... 5:10 p.m.  | No. 225 Pass... 6:55 p.m.  |
| No. 228 Pass... 5:20 p.m.  | No. 227 Pass... 7:05 p.m.  |
| No. 230 Pass... 5:30 p.m.  | No. 229 Pass... 7:15 p.m.  |
| No. 232 Pass... 5:40 p.m.  | No. 231 Pass... 7:25 p.m.  |
| No. 234 Pass... 5:50 p.m.  | No. 233 Pass... 7:35 p.m.  |
| No. 236 Pass... 6:00 p.m.  | No. 235 Pass... 7:45 p.m.  |
| No. 238 Pass... 6:10 p.m.  | No. 237 Pass... 7:55 p.m.  |
| No. 240 Pass... 6:20 p.m.  | No. 239 Pass... 8:05 p.m.  |
| No. 242 Pass... 6:30 p.m.  | No. 241 Pass... 8:15 p.m.  |
| No. 244 Pass... 6:40 p.m.  | No. 243 Pass... 8:25 p.m.  |
| No. 246 Pass... 6:50 p.m.  | No. 245 Pass... 8:35 p.m.  |
| No. 248 Pass... 7:00 p.m.  | No. 247 Pass... 8:45 p.m.  |
| No. 250 Pass... 7:10 p.m.  | No. 249 Pass... 8:55 p.m.  |
| No. 252 Pass... 7:20 p.m.  | No. 251 Pass... 9:05 p.m.  |
| No. 254 Pass... 7:30 p.m.  | No. 253 Pass... 9:15 p.m.  |
| No. 256 Pass... 7:40 p.m.  | No. 255 Pass... 9:25 p.m.  |
| No. 258 Pass... 7:50 p.m.  | No. 257 Pass... 9:35 p.m.  |
| No. 260 Pass... 8:00 p.m.  | No. 259 Pass... 9:45 p.m.  |
| No. 262 Pass... 8:10 p.m.  | No. 261 Pass... 9:55 p.m.  |
| No. 264 Pass... 8:20 p.m.  | No. 263 Pass... 10:05 p.m. |
| No. 266 Pass... 8:30 p.m.  | No. 265 Pass... 10:15 p.m. |
| No. 268 Pass... 8:40 p.m.  | No. 267 Pass... 10:25 p.m. |
| No. 270 Pass... 8:50 p.m.  | No. 269 Pass... 10:35 p.m. |
| No. 272 Pass... 9:00 p.m.  | No. 271 Pass... 10:45 p.m. |
| No. 274 Pass... 9:10 p.m.  | No. 273 Pass... 10:55 p.m. |
| No. 276 Pass... 9:20 p.m.  | No. 275 Pass... 11:05 p.m. |
| No. 278 Pass... 9:30 p.m.  | No. 277 Pass... 11:15 p.m. |
| No. 280 Pass... 9:40 p.m.  | No. 279 Pass... 11:25 p.m. |
| No. 282 Pass... 9:50 p.m.  | No. 281 Pass... 11:35 p.m. |
| No. 284 Pass... 10:00 p.m. | No. 283 Pass... 11:45 p.m. |
| No. 286 Pass... 10:10 p.m. | No. 285 Pass... 11:55 p.m. |
| No. 288 Pass... 10:20 p.m. | No. 287 Pass... 12:05 p.m. |
| No. 290 Pass... 10:30 p.m. | No. 289 Pass... 12:15 p.m. |
| No. 292 Pass... 10:40 p.m. | No. 291 Pass... 12:25 p.m. |
| No. 294 Pass... 10:50 p.m. | No. 293 Pass... 12:35 p.m. |
| No. 296 Pass... 11:00 p.m. | No. 295 Pass... 12:45 p.m. |
| No. 298 Pass... 11:10 p.m. | No. 297 Pass... 12:55 p.m. |
| No. 300 Pass... 11:20 p.m. | No. 299 Pass... 1:05 p.m.  |
| No. 302 Pass... 11:30 p.m. | No. 301 Pass... 1:15 p.m.  |
| No. 304 Pass... 11:40 p.m. | No. 303 Pass... 1:25 p.m.  |
| No. 306 Pass... 11:50 p.m. | No. 305 Pass... 1:35 p.m.  |
| No. 308 Pass... 12:00 p.m. | No. 307 Pass... 1:45 p.m.  |
| No. 310 Pass... 12:10 p.m. | No. 309 Pass... 1:55 p.m.  |
| No. 312 Pass... 12:20 p.m. | No. 311 Pass... 2:05 p.m.  |
| No. 314 Pass... 12:30 p.m. | No. 313 Pass... 2:15 p.m.  |
| No. 316 Pass... 12:40 p.m. | No. 315 Pass... 2:25 p.m.  |
| No. 318 Pass... 12:50 p.m. | No. 317 Pass... 2:35 p.m.  |
| No. 320 Pass... 1:00 p.m.  | No. 319 Pass... 2:45 p.m.  |
| No. 322 Pass... 1:10 p.m.  | No. 321 Pass... 2:55 p.m.  |
| No. 324 Pass... 1:20 p.m.  | No. 323 Pass... 3:05 p.m.  |
| No. 326 Pass... 1:30 p.m.  | No. 325 Pass... 3:15 p.m.  |
| No. 328 Pass... 1:40 p.m.  | No. 327 Pass... 3:25 p.m.  |
| No. 330 Pass... 1:50 p.m.  | No. 329 Pass... 3:35 p.m.  |
| No. 332 Pass... 2:00 p.m.  | No. 331 Pass... 3:45 p.m.  |
| No. 334 Pass... 2:10 p.m.  | No. 333 Pass... 3:55 p.m.  |
| No. 336 Pass... 2:20 p.m.  | No. 335 Pass... 4:05 p.m.  |
| No. 338 Pass... 2:30 p.m.  | No. 337 Pass... 4:15 p.m.  |
| No. 340 Pass... 2:40 p.m.  | No. 339 Pass... 4:25 p.m.  |
| No. 342 Pass... 2:50 p.m.  | No. 341 Pass... 4:35 p.m.  |
| No. 344 Pass... 3:00 p.m.  | No. 343 Pass... 4:45 p.m.  |
| No. 346 Pass... 3:10 p.m.  | No. 345 Pass... 4:55 p.m.  |
| No. 348 Pass... 3:20 p.m.  | No. 347 Pass... 5:05 p.m.  |
| No. 350 Pass... 3:30 p.m.  | No. 349 Pass... 5:15 p.m.  |
| No. 352 Pass... 3:40 p.m.  | No. 351 Pass... 5:25 p.m.  |
| No. 354 Pass... 3:50 p.m.  | No. 353 Pass... 5:35 p.m.  |
| No. 356 Pass... 4:00 p.m.  | No. 355 Pass... 5:45 p.m.  |
| No. 358 Pass... 4:10 p.m.  | No. 357 Pass... 5:55 p.m.  |
| No. 360 Pass... 4:20 p.m.  | No. 359 Pass... 6:05 p.m.  |
| No. 362 Pass... 4:30 p.m.  | No. 361 Pass... 6:15 p.m.  |
| No. 364 Pass... 4:40 p.m.  | No. 363 Pass... 6:25 p.m.  |
| No. 366 Pass... 4:50 p.m.  | No. 365 Pass... 6:35 p.m.  |
| No. 368 Pass... 5:00 p.m.  | No. 367 Pass... 6:45 p.m.  |
| No. 370 Pass... 5:10 p.m.  | No. 369 Pass... 6:55 p.m.  |
| No. 372 Pass... 5:20 p.m.  | No. 371 Pass... 7:05 p.m.  |
| No. 374 Pass... 5:30 p.m.  | No. 373 Pass... 7:15 p.m.  |
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| No. 390 Pass... 6:50 p.m.  | No. 389 Pass... 8:35 p.m.  |
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| No. 394 Pass... 7:10 p.m.  | No. 393 Pass... 8:55 p.m.  |
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| No. 400 Pass... 7:40 p.m.  | No. 399 Pass... 9:25 p.m.  |
| No. 402 Pass... 7:50 p.m.  | No. 401 Pass... 9:35 p.m.  |
| No. 404 Pass... 8:00 p.m.  | No. 403 Pass... 9:45 p.m.  |
| No. 406 Pass... 8:10 p.m.  | No. 405 Pass... 9:55 p.m.  |
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| No. 410 Pass... 8:30 p.m.  | No. 409 Pass... 10:15 p.m. |
| No. 412 Pass... 8:40 p.m.  | No. 411 Pass... 10:25 p.m. |
| No. 414 Pass... 8:50 p.m.  | No. 413 Pass... 10:35 p.m. |
| No. 416 Pass... 9:00 p.m.  | No. 415 Pass... 10:45 p.m. |
| No. 418 Pass... 9:10 p.m.  | No. 417 Pass... 10:55 p.m. |
| No. 420 Pass... 9:20 p.m.  | No. 419 Pass... 11:05 p.m. |
| No. 422 Pass... 9:30 p.m.  | No. 421 Pass... 11:15 p.m. |
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| No. 426 Pass... 9:50 p.m.  | No. 425 Pass... 11:35 p.m. |
| No. 428 Pass... 10:00 p.m. | No. 427 Pass... 11:45 p.m. |
| No. 430 Pass... 10:10 p.m. | No. 429 Pass... 11:55 p.m. |
| No. 432 Pass... 10:20 p.m. | No. 431 Pass... 12:05 p.m. |
| No. 434 Pass... 10:30 p.m. | No. 433 Pass... 12:15 p.m. |
| No. 436 Pass... 10:40 p.m. | No. 435 Pass... 12:25 p.m. |
| No. 438 Pass... 10:50 p.m. | No. 437 Pass... 12:35 p.m. |
| No. 440 Pass... 11:00 p.m. | No. 439 Pass... 12:45 p.m. |
| No. 442 Pass... 11:10 p.m. | No. 441 Pass... 12:55 p.m. |
| No. 444 Pass... 11:20 p.m. | No. 443 Pass... 1:05 p.m.  |
| No. 446 Pass... 11:30 p.m. | No. 445 Pass... 1:15 p.m.  |
| No. 448 Pass... 11:40 p.m. | No. 447 Pass... 1:25 p.m.  |
| No. 450 Pass... 11:50 p.m. | No. 449 Pass... 1:35 p.m.  |
| No. 452 Pass... 12:00 p.m. | No. 451 Pass... 1:45 p.m.  |
| No. 454 Pass... 12:10 p.m. | No. 453 Pass... 1:55 p.m.  |
| No. 456 Pass... 12:20 p.m. | No. 455 Pass... 2:05 p.m.  |
| No. 458 Pass... 12:30 p.m. | No. 457 Pass... 2:15 p.m.  |
| No. 460 Pass... 12:40 p.m. | No. 459 Pass... 2:25 p.m.  |
| No. 462 Pass... 12:50 p.m. | No. 461 Pass... 2:35 p.m.  |
| No. 464 Pass... 1:00 p.m.  | No. 463 Pass... 2:45 p.m.  |
| No. 466 Pass... 1:10 p.m.  | No. 465 Pass... 2:55 p.m.  |
| No. 468 Pass... 1:20 p.m.  | No. 467 Pass... 3:05 p.m.  |
| No. 470 Pass... 1:30 p.m.  | No. 469 Pass... 3:15 p.m.  |
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| No. 474 Pass... 1:50 p.m.  | No. 473 Pass... 3:35 p.m.  |
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| No. 508 Pass... 4:40 p.m.  | No. 507 Pass... 6:25 p.m.  |
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| No. 516 Pass... 5:20 p.m.  | No. 515 Pass... 7:05 p.m.  |
| No. 518 Pass... 5:30 p.m.  | No. 517 Pass... 7:15 p.m.  |
| No. 520 Pass... 5:40 p.m.  | No. 519 Pass... 7:25 p.m.  |
| No. 522 Pass... 5:50 p.m.  | No. 521 Pass... 7:35 p.m.  |
| No. 524 Pass... 6:00 p.m.  | No. 523 Pass... 7:45 p.m.  |
| No. 526 Pass... 6:10 p.m.  | No. 525 Pass... 7:55 p.m.  |
| No. 528 Pass... 6:20 p.m.  | No. 527 Pass... 8:05 p.m.  |
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| No. 534 Pass... 6:50 p.m.  | No. 533 Pass... 8:35 p.m.  |
| No. 536 Pass... 7:00 p.m.  | No. 535 Pass... 8:45 p.m.  |
| No. 538 Pass... 7:10 p.m.  | No. 537 Pass... 8:55 p.m.  |
| No. 540 Pass... 7:20 p.m.  | No. 539 Pass... 9:05 p.m.  |
| No. 542 Pass... 7:30 p.m.  | No. 541 Pass... 9:15 p.m.  |
| No. 544 Pass... 7:40 p.m.  | No. 543 Pass... 9:25 p.m.  |
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